

Package ‘pkgnet’

October 14, 2022

Type Package

Title Get Network Representation of an R Package

Version 0.4.2

Maintainer Brian Burns <brian.burns.opensource@gmail.com>

Description Tools from the domain of graph theory can be used to quantify the complexity and vulnerability to failure of a software package. That is the guiding philosophy of this package. 'pkgnet' provides tools to analyze the dependencies between functions in an R package and between its imported packages. See the pkgnet website for vignettes and other supplementary information.

Imports assertthat, covr, data.table, DT, futile.logger, glue, igraph, knitr, magrittr, methods, R6, rlang, rmarkdown(>= 1.9), tools, visNetwork

Suggests ggplot2, pkgdown, testthat, webshot, withr

License BSD_3_clause + file LICENSE

URL <https://github.com/uptake/pkgnet>, <https://uptake.github.io/pkgnet/>

BugReports <https://github.com/uptake/pkgnet/issues>

RoxygenNote 7.1.0

NeedsCompilation no

Author Brian Burns [aut, cre],
James Lamb [aut],
Jay Qi [aut]

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-12-23 08:50:02 UTC

R topics documented:

CreatePackageReport	2
CreatePackageVignette	3
DefaultReporters	3
DependencyReporter	4

DirectedGraph	5
FunctionReporter	7
InheritanceReporter	10
PackageReport	12
SummaryReporter	13

Index	15
--------------	-----------

CreatePackageReport *pkgnet Analysis Report for an R package*

Description

Create a standalone HTML report about a package and its networks.

Usage

```
CreatePackageReport(
  pkg_name,
  pkg_reporters = DefaultReporters(),
  pkg_path = NULL,
  report_path = tempfile(pattern = pkg_name, fileext = ".html")
)
```

Arguments

pkg_name	(string) name of a package
pkg_reporters	(list) a list of package reporters
pkg_path	(string) The path to the package repository. If given, coverage will be calculated for each function. pkg_path can be an absolute or relative path.
report_path	(string) The path and filename of the output report. Default report will be produced in the temporary directory.

Value

an instantiated [PackageReport](#) object

CreatePackageVignette *pkgnet Report as Vignette*

Description

Create pkgnet package report as an R Markdown vignette. This vignette can be rendered into a standard HTML vignette with the `knitr::rmarkdown` vignette engine into HTML vignettes upon package building. It is also compatible with #' [pkgdown](#) sites. See the vignette "[Publishing Your pkgnet Package Report](#)" for details about how to use this function, as well as [our example for pkgnet](#).

Usage

```
CreatePackageVignette(  
  pkg = ".",  
  pkg_reporters = list(DependencyReporter$new(), FunctionReporter$new()),  
  vignette_path = file.path(pkg, "vignettes", "pkgnet-report.Rmd")  
)
```

Arguments

`pkg` (string) path to root directory of package of interest

`pkg_reporters` (list) a list of initialized package reporters

`vignette_path` (string) The location of a file to store the output vignette file at. Must be an .Rmd file. By default, this will be '`<pkg>/vignettes/pkgnet-report.Rmd`' relative to the input to `pkg`

DefaultReporters *Default Reporters*

Description

Instantiates a list of default reporters to feed into [CreatePackageReport](#).

Usage

```
DefaultReporters()
```

Value

list of instantiated reporter objects

 DependencyReporter *Recursive Package Dependency Reporter*

Description

This reporter looks at the recursive network of its dependencies on other packages. This allows a developer to understand how individual dependencies might lead to a much larger set of dependencies, potentially informing decisions on including or removing them.

Class Constructor

DependencyReporter\$new()

- Initialize an instance of the reporter.
 - **Returns:**
 - Instantiated reporter object. Note that this reporter object isn't useful yet until you use the `set_package` method to set a package.

Public Methods

`set_package(pkg_name, pkg_path = NULL)` • Set the package that the reporter will analyze. This can only be done once for a given instance of a reporter. Instantiate a new copy of the reporter if you need to analyze a different package.

- **Args:**
 - `pkg_name`: character string, name of package
 - `pkg_path`: character string, optional directory path to source code of the package. It is used for calculating test coverage. It can be an absolute or relative path.
- **Returns:**
 - Self, invisibly.

`get_summary_view()` • Returns an `htmlwidget` object that summarizes the analysis of the reporter. Used when creating a [package report](#).

- **Returns:**
 - `htmlwidget` object

`calculate_default_measures()` • Calculates the default node and network measures for this reporter.

- **Returns:**
 - Self, invisibly.

Public Fields

`pkg_name` character string, name of set package. Read-only.

`report_markdown_path` character string, path to R Markdown template for this reporter. Read-only.

`nodes` a `data.table`, containing information about the nodes of the network the reporter is analyzing. The node column acts the identifier. Read-only.

`edges` a `data.table`, containing information about the edge connections of the network the reporter is analyzing. Each row is one edge, and the columns `SOURCE` and `TARGET` specify the node identifiers. Read-only.

`network_measures` a list, containing any measures of the network calculated by the reporter. Read-only.

`pkg_graph` a graph model object. See [DirectedGraph](#) for additional documentation. Read-only.

`graph_viz` a graph visualization object. A `visNetwork::visNetwork` object. Read-only.

`layout_type` a character string, the current layout type for the graph visualization. Can be assigned a new valid layout type value. Use `grep("^layout_\\S", getNamespaceExports("igraph"), value = TRUE)` to see valid options.

Special Methods

`clone(deep = FALSE)` • Method for copying an object. See *Advanced R* for the intricacies of R6 reference semantics.

- **Args:**

- `deep`: logical. Whether to recursively clone nested R6 objects.

- **Returns:**

- Cloned object of this class.

See Also

Other Network Reporters: [FunctionReporter](#), [InheritanceReporter](#)

Other Package Reporters: [FunctionReporter](#), [InheritanceReporter](#), [SummaryReporter](#)

Examples

```
# Instantiate an object
reporter <- DependencyReporter$new()

# Seed it with a package
reporter$set_package("ggplot2")
```

Description

R6 class defining a directed graph model for representing a network, including methods to calculate various measures from graph theory. The [igraph](#) package is used as a backend for calculations.

This class isn't intended to be initialized directly; instead, [network reporter objects](#) will initialize it as its `pkg_graph` field. If you have a network reporter named `reporter`, then you access this object's public interface through `pkg_graph`—for example,

```
reporter$pkg_graph$node_measures('hubScore')
```

Public Methods

`node_measures(measures = NULL)` • Return specified node-level measures, calculating if necessary. See Node Measures section below for details about each measure.

• **Args:**

– `measures`: character vector of measure names. Default `NULL` will return those that are already calculated.

• **Returns:**

– `data.table` with specified node measures as columns

`graph_measures(measures = NULL)` • Return specified graph-level measures, calculating if necessary. See Graph Measures section below for details about each measure.

• **Args:**

– `measures`: character vector of measure names. Default `NULL` will return those that are already calculated.

• **Returns:**

– list with specified graph measures

Public Fields

`nodes` node `data.table`, read-only

`edges` edge `data.table`, read-only

`igraph` `igraph` object, read-only

`available_node_measures` character vector of all supported node measures. See Node Measures section below for detailed descriptions. Read-only.

`available_graph_measures` character vector of all supported graph measures. See Graph Measures section below for detailed descriptions. Read-only.

`default_node_measures` character vector of default node measures. See Node Measures section below for detailed descriptions. Read-only.

`default_graph_measures` character vector of default graph measures. See Graph Measures section below for detailed descriptions. Read-only.

Node Measures

`outDegree` `outdegree`, the number of outward edges (tail ends). Calculated by `igraph::degree`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)

`inDegree` `indegree`, number of inward edges (head ends). Calculated by `igraph::degree`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)

- `outCloseness` closeness centrality (out), a measure of path lengths to other nodes along edge directions. Calculated by `igraph::closeness`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `inCloseness` closeness centrality (in), a measure of path lengths to other nodes in reverse of edge directions. Calculated by `igraph::closeness`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `numRecursiveDeps` number recursive dependencies, i.e., count of all nodes reachable by following edges out from this node. Calculated by `igraph::neighborhood.size`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `numRecursiveRevDeps` number of recursive reverse dependencies (dependents), i.e., count all nodes reachable by following edges into this node in reverse direction. Calculated by `igraph::neighborhood.size`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `betweenness` betweenness centrality, a measure of the number of shortest paths in graph passing through this node. Calculated by `igraph::betweenness`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `pageRank` Google PageRank. Calculated by `igraph::page_rank`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `hubScore` hub score from Hyperlink-Induced Topic Search (HITS) algorithm. Calculated by `igraph::hub_score`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `authorityScore` authority score from Hyperlink-Induced Topic Search (HITS) algorithm. Calculated by `igraph::authority_score`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)

Graph Measures

- `graphOutDegree` graph freeman centralization for outdegree. A measure of the most central node by outdegree in relation to all other nodes. Calculated by `igraph::centralize`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `graphInDegree` graph Freeman centralization for indegree. A measure of the most central node by indegree in relation to all other nodes. Calculated by `igraph::centralize`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `graphOutClosness` graph Freeman centralization for out-closeness. A measure of the most central node by out-closeness in relation to all other nodes. Calculated by `igraph::centralize`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `graphInCloseness` graph Freeman centralization for outdegree. A measure of the most central node by outdegree in relation to all other nodes. Calculated by `igraph::centralize`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)
- `graphBetweenness` graph Freeman centralization for betweenness. A measure of the most central node by betweenness in relation to all other nodes. Calculated by `igraph::centralize`. [\[Wikipedia\]](#)

Description

This reporter looks at the network of interdependencies of its defined functions. Measures of centrality from graph theory can indicate which function is most important to a package. Combined with unit test coverage information—also provided by this reporter—it can be used as a powerful tool to prioritize test writing.

Details

R6 Method Support:: R6 classes are supported, with their methods treated as functions by the reporter.

- R6 methods will be named like `<classname>$<methodtype>$<methodname>`, e.g., `FunctionReporter$private_method`.
- Note that the class name used will be the **name of the generator object in the package's namespace**.
- The `classname` attribute of the class is **not** used. In general, it is not required to be defined or the same as the generator object name. This attribute is used primarily for S3 dispatch.

Known Limitations::

- Using non-standard evaluation to refer to things (e.g. dataframe column names) that have the same name as a function will trick `FunctionReporter` into thinking the function was called. This can be avoided if you don't use reuse function names for other purposes.
- Functions stored as list items and not assigned to the package namespace will be invisible to `FunctionReporter`.
- Calls to methods of instantiated R6 or reference objects will not be recognized. We don't have a reliable way of identifying instantiated objects, or identifying their class.
- Reference class methods are not yet supported. They will not be identified as nodes by `FunctionReporter`.

Class Constructor

`FunctionReporter$new()`

- Initialize an instance of the reporter.
 - **Returns:**
 - Instantiated reporter object. Note that this reporter object isn't useful yet until you use the `set_package` method to set a package.

Public Methods

`set_package(pkg_name, pkg_path = NULL)` • Set the package that the reporter will analyze. This can only be done once for a given instance of a reporter. Instantiate a new copy of the reporter if you need to analyze a different package.

- **Args:**
 - `pkg_name`: character string, name of package
 - `pkg_path`: character string, optional directory path to source code of the package. It is used for calculating test coverage. It can be an absolute or relative path.
- **Returns:**
 - Self, invisibly.

`get_summary_view()` • Returns an `htmlwidget` object that summarizes the analysis of the reporter. Used when creating a [package report](#).

- **Returns:**
 - `htmlwidget` object

`calculate_default_measures()` • Calculates the default node and network measures for this reporter.

- **Returns:**
 - Self, invisibly.

Public Fields

`pkg_name` character string, name of set package. Read-only.

`report_markdown_path` character string, path to R Markdown template for this reporter. Read-only.

`nodes` a `data.table`, containing information about the nodes of the network the reporter is analyzing. The node column acts the identifier. Read-only.

`edges` a `data.table`, containing information about the edge connections of the network the reporter is analyzing. Each row is one edge, and the columns `SOURCE` and `TARGET` specify the node identifiers. Read-only.

`network_measures` a list, containing any measures of the network calculated by the reporter. Read-only.

`pkg_graph` a graph model object. See [DirectedGraph](#) for additional documentation. Read-only.

`graph_viz` a graph visualization object. A `visNetwork::visNetwork` object. Read-only.

`layout_type` a character string, the current layout type for the graph visualization. Can be assigned a new valid layout type value. Use `grep("^layout_\\S", getNamespaceExports("igraph"), value = TRUE)` to see valid options.

Special Methods

`clone(deep = FALSE)` • Method for copying an object. See *Advanced R* for the intricacies of R6 reference semantics.

- **Args:**
 - `deep`: logical. Whether to recursively clone nested R6 objects.
- **Returns:**
 - Cloned object of this class.

See Also

Other Network Reporters: [DependencyReporter](#), [InheritanceReporter](#)

Other Package Reporters: [DependencyReporter](#), [InheritanceReporter](#), [SummaryReporter](#)

InheritanceReporter *Class Inheritance Reporter*

Description

This reporter takes a package and traces the class inheritance structure. Currently the following object-oriented systems are supported:

- S4 Classes
- Reference Classes (sometimes informally called "R5")
- R6 Classes

S3 classes are not supported, as their inheritance is defined on an ad hoc basis per object and not formally by class definitions.

Details

Note the following details about class naming:

- Reference Classes : The name passed as `Class` in `setRefClass` is used as the node name by this reporter. This is the class name that is used when specifying inheritance. The generator object returned by `setRefClass` does not have to be assigned and can have a different name.
- R6 Classes : The name of the generator object in the package namespace is used as the node name by this reporter. The generator object returned by `R6::R6Class` is what is used when specifying inheritance. The name passed as `classname` passed to `R6::R6Class` can be a different name or even `NULL`.

For more info about R's built-in object-oriented systems, check out the relevant chapter in [Hadley Wickham's *Advanced R*](#). For more info about R6, check out their [docs website](#) or the chapter in [Advanced R's second edition](#).

Class Constructor

`InheritanceReporter$new()`

- Initialize an instance of the reporter.
 - **Returns:**
 - Instantiated reporter object. Note that this reporter object isn't useful yet until you use the `set_package` method to set a package.

Public Methods

`set_package(pkg_name, pkg_path = NULL)` • Set the package that the reporter will analyze. This can only be done once for a given instance of a reporter. Instantiate a new copy of the reporter if you need to analyze a different package.

- **Args:**
 - `pkg_name`: character string, name of package

- `pkg_path`: character string, optional directory path to source code of the package. It is used for calculating test coverage. It can be an absolute or relative path.

- **Returns:**

- Self, invisibly.

`get_summary_view()` • Returns an `htmlwidget` object that summarizes the analysis of the reporter. Used when creating a [package report](#).

- **Returns:**

- `htmlwidget` object

`calculate_default_measures()` • Calculates the default node and network measures for this reporter.

- **Returns:**

- Self, invisibly.

Public Fields

`pkg_name` character string, name of set package. Read-only.

`report_markdown_path` character string, path to R Markdown template for this reporter. Read-only.

`nodes` a `data.table`, containing information about the nodes of the network the reporter is analyzing. The node column acts the identifier. Read-only.

`edges` a `data.table`, containing information about the edge connections of the network the reporter is analyzing. Each row is one edge, and the columns `SOURCE` and `TARGET` specify the node identifiers. Read-only.

`network_measures` a list, containing any measures of the network calculated by the reporter. Read-only.

`pkg_graph` a graph model object. See [DirectedGraph](#) for additional documentation. Read-only.

`graph_viz` a graph visualization object. A `visNetwork::visNetwork` object. Read-only.

`layout_type` a character string, the current layout type for the graph visualization. Can be assigned a new valid layout type value. Use `grep("^layout_\\S", getNamespaceExports("igraph"), value = TRUE)` to see valid options.

Special Methods

`clone(deep = FALSE)` • Method for copying an object. See *Advanced R* for the intricacies of R6 reference semantics.

- **Args:**

- `deep`: logical. Whether to recursively clone nested R6 objects.

- **Returns:**

- Cloned object of this class.

See Also

Other Network Reporters: [DependencyReporter](#), [FunctionReporter](#)

Other Package Reporters: [DependencyReporter](#), [FunctionReporter](#), [SummaryReporter](#)

 PackageReport

Package Report

Description

pkgnet compiles one or more package reporters into a package report for a specified package. PackageReport is an R6 class that holds all of those reporters and has a method `render_report()` to generate an HTML report file. You can access each individual reporter and modify it using its methods if you wish.

The function `CreatePackageReport()` is a shortcut for both generating a PackageReport object with instantiated reporters and creating the HTML report in one call.

Class Constructor

```
DependencyReporter$new(pkg_name, pkg_path = NULL, report_path =
  tempfile(pattern = pkg_name, fileext = ".html"))
```

- Initialize an instance of a package report object.
- **Args:**
 - `pkg_name` (character string) name of package
 - `pkg_path`: (character string) optional directory path to source code of the package. It is used for calculating test coverage. It can be an absolute or relative path.
 - `report_path`: (character string) The path and filename of the output report. Default report will be produced in the temporary directory.
- **Returns:**
 - Instantiated package report object.

Public Methods

- ```
add_reporter(reporter) • Add a reporter to the package report.
 • Args: reporter: Instantiated package reporter object
 • Returns:
 – Self, invisibly.
render_report() • Render html pkgnet package report.
 • Returns:
 – Self, invisibly.
```

## Public Fields

```
pkg_name (character string) name of package. Read-only.
pkg_path (character string) path to source code of the package. Read-only.
report_path (character string) path and filename of output report.
SummaryReporter instantiated pkgnet SummaryReporter object
DependencyReporter instantiated pkgnet DependencyReporter object
FunctionReporter instantiated pkgnet FunctionReporter object
InheritanceReporter instantiated pkgnet InheritanceReporter object
```

**Special Methods**

- `clone(deep = FALSE)` • Method for copying an object. See *Advanced R* for the intricacies of R6 reference semantics.
- **Args:**
    - `deep`(logical) Whether to recursively clone nested R6 objects.
  - **Returns:**
    - Cloned object of this class.

---

SummaryReporter

---

*Package Summary Reporter*


---

**Description**

This reporter provides a high-level overview of a package via its package DESCRIPTION file.

**Class Constructor**

`SummaryReporter$new()`

- Initialize an instance of the reporter.
- **Returns:**
  - Instantiated reporter object. Note that this reporter object isn't useful yet until you use the `set_package` method to set a package.

**Public Methods**

- `set_package(pkg_name, pkg_path = NULL)` • Set the package that the reporter will analyze. This can only be done once for a given instance of a reporter. Instantiate a new copy of the reporter if you need to analyze a different package.
- **Args:**
    - `pkg_name`: character string, name of package
    - `pkg_path`: character string, optional directory path to source code of the package. It is used for calculating test coverage. It can be an absolute or relative path.
  - **Returns:**
    - Self, invisibly.
- `get_summary_view()` • Returns an `htmlwidget` object that summarizes the analysis of the reporter. Used when creating a [package report](#).
- **Returns:**
    - `htmlwidget` object

**Public Fields**

- `pkg_name` character string, name of set package. Read-only.
- `report_markdown_path` character string, path to R Markdown template for this reporter. Read-only.

**Special Methods**

`clone(deep = FALSE)` • Method for copying an object. See *Advanced R* for the intricacies of R6 reference semantics.

- **Args:**
  - `deep`: logical. Whether to recursively clone nested R6 objects.
- **Returns:**
  - Cloned object of this class.

**See Also**

Other Package Reporters: [DependencyReporter](#), [FunctionReporter](#), [InheritanceReporter](#)

# Index

## \* Graph Classes

DirectedGraph, 5

## \* Main Functions

CreatePackageReport, 2

CreatePackageVignette, 3

## \* Network Reporters

DependencyReporter, 4

FunctionReporter, 7

InheritanceReporter, 10

## \* Package Reporters

DependencyReporter, 4

FunctionReporter, 7

InheritanceReporter, 10

SummaryReporter, 13

## \* Reporters

DefaultReporters, 3

DependencyReporter, 4

FunctionReporter, 7

InheritanceReporter, 10

PackageReport, 12

SummaryReporter, 13

CreatePackageReport, 2, 3, 12

CreatePackageVignette, 3

DefaultReporters, 3

DependencyReporter, 4, 9, 11, 12, 14

DirectedGraph, 5, 5, 9, 11

FunctionReporter, 5, 7, 11, 12, 14

htmlwidget, 4, 8, 11, 13

igraph, 6

igraph::authority\_score, 7

igraph::betweenness, 7

igraph::centralize, 7

igraph::closeness, 7

igraph::degree, 6

igraph::hub\_score, 7

igraph::neighborhood.size, 7

igraph::page\_rank, 7

InheritanceReporter, 5, 9, 10, 12, 14

knitr::rmarkdown, 3

network reporter objects, 6

package report, 4, 8, 11, 13

PackageReport, 2, 12

pkgdown, 3

R6::R6Class, 10

setRefClass, 10

SummaryReporter, 5, 9, 11, 12, 13

visNetwork::visNetwork, 5, 9, 11